somagenics

miR-Direct[®]: assay for miRNA quantification from human plasma and blood

Experimental Protocol

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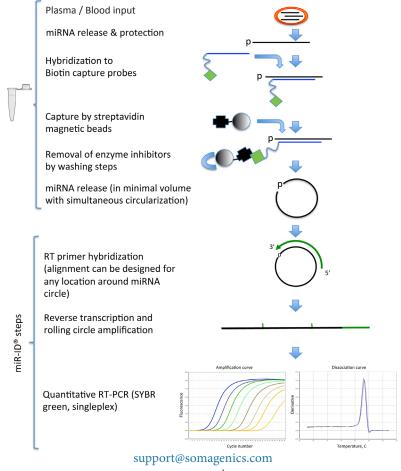
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miR-Direct[®]: miRNA Detection from Human Plasma and Blood

I. Overview

The miR-Direct[®] assay is designed to detect miRNAs present in plasma and blood (50 to 400 μ L). The first part of the assay is performed in one tube and entails miRNA release from plasma or blood, miRNA capture, washing steps, and miRNA release with simultaneous circularization. The second part is miRNA quantification by SomaGenics' miR-ID[®] technology, consisting of reverse transcription by rolling circle amplification and real-time qPCR using SYBR green. All steps up to quantitative qPCR can be performed in multiplex for all miRNAs of interest.



II. miR-Direct[®] Kit Contents

Store at ambient temperature

1. Buffer 1*

Store at 4°C

- 1. Wash buffer
- 2. Buffer 3

Store at -20°C

- 1. miR-cel-39 synthetic spike-in miRNA control
- 2. Spike-in Dilution Mix
- 3. Protease Solution**
- 4. Buffer 2
- 5. Probe Mix
- 6. Circularization Reaction Mix
- 7. RT Reaction Mix
- 8. RT Primers (or customized RT primer mix for all miRNAs of interest)
- 9. qPCR Primer Pairs (miRNA-specific)
- 10. Nuclease-free Water
- * CAUTION: Irritant. Contains guanidine hydrochloride. Use proper personal protective equipment. Do not use bleach.
- ** Keep at -20°C upon receipt. Store at 4°C after thawing for first use.

III. User-supplied Reagents, Consumables, and Laboratory Equipment (not included)

Reagents

- Streptavidin Magnetic beads (New England BioLabs, cat# S1420S)
- SuperScript II Reverse Transcriptase (ThermoFisher Scientific, cat#18064022)
- CircLigase II (Epicentre (Illumina) cat# CL9021K)
- RNAseOUT (ThermoFisher Scientific, cat# 10777-019)
- 2X iQ SYBR Green Supermix (BioRad, cat#170-8880)

Consumables

- Pipettes and nuclease-free filter pipette tips for volumes 2 to 100 $\mu L.$
- RNAse-free microfuge tubes (1.5 μL).
- PCR tubes or PCR strip tubes.
- Micro-Amp Fast Optical 96-Well Reaction Plate, for example ThermoFisherScientific # 4346907
- Micro-Amp Clear Adhesive Film, for example ThermoFisherScientific # 4311971

Equipment

- Bench top tube rack for 1.5 mL tubes
- Bench top PCR plate rack
- Ice bucket (and ice)
- 12-tube Magnetic Separation Rack, for example NEB cat# \$1509\$
- Centrifuge for 1.5 mL and PCR tubes
- Centrifuge for 96-well PCR plates
- End-over-end rotator (at 4°C)
- Water bath/heat block (25°C)
- Water bath/heat block (37°C)
- Water bath/heat block (60°C)
- Thermal Cycler
- RT-PCR Thermal Cycler, for example ABI 7500 Fast System

IV. Experimental Protocol

1. Component preparation

Resuspend magnetic beads by vortexing them at high speed and then placing them on a tube rotator at 4°C for at least 120 minutes.

NOTE: Magnetic beads tend to aggregate while in storage, so it is imperative that they are fully dispersed in solution before they are used.

- 1.1. Place at room temperature to thaw:
 - miR-cel-39 spike-in miRNA
 - Spike-in Dilution Mix
 - Protease Solution* (first use only -- **do not vortex**)
 - Buffer 2
 - Probe Mix
 - Circularization Reaction Mix
 - RT Reaction Mix
 - RT Primer Mix
 - Nuclease-free Water
 - Wash Buffer (although not frozen, wash buffer should be at room temperature prior to use)

*Protease solution is shipped frozen. Store at -20°C until first use. After thawing for the first time, store at 4°C (DO NOT REFREEZE).

After thawing, all reagents (excluding wash buffer) should be kept on ice while not in use. Store enzymes at -20°C until they are needed, except protease solution, which should be kept at 4°C

Return all reagents and enzymes to their proper storage conditions after use.

1.2. Store all enzymes at -20°C (except protease solution) until they are needed in the protocol.

IV Subsection A: Plasma / Serum Protocol

2. Thaw plasma samples and prepare Spike-in Mix

- 2.1. Thaw plasma samples at 25°C. Use plasma IMMEDIATELY after it is thawed.
- 2.2. Preparation of Spike-in Mix

While plasma is thawing, prepare the Spike-in Mix according to the table below for the volume of plasma input into the assay. To prepare a master mix to analyze multiple samples, scale the volumes listed below to the desired number of plasma samples to be analyzed. Vortex the Spike-in Mix for 3 seconds after the addition of the components.

	Plasma Volume		
	50 μL 200 μL 400 μL		
miR-cel-39	4 µL	4 µL	4 µL
Spike-in Dilution Mix	1.2 µL	4.8 µL	9.6 µL

3. Plasma lysis

NOTE: Work one tube at a time.

3.1. Depending on the amount of plasma used, add the proper reagent volume to the sample in the order listed below. Vortex samples for 3 seconds after the addition of each reagent.

	Plasma Volume		
	50 μL 200 μL 400 μL		
Buffer 1*	50 µL	200 µL	400 µL
Protease Solution	2 µL	8 µL	16 µL
Spike-in Mix	5.2 µL	8.8 µL	13.6 µL

* CAUTION: Irritant. Contains guanidine hydrochloride.

3.2. Incubate samples at 25°C for 60 min

4. miRNA capture

NOTE: Work one tube at a time.

4.1. Depending on the amount of plasma used, add the proper reagent volume to the sample in the order listed below. Vortex samples for 3 seconds after the addition of each reagent.

	Plasma Volume		
	50 μL 200 μL 400 μL		
Buffer 2	11.5 µL	46 µL	92 µL
Probe Mix	6.4 µL	6.4 µl	6.4 µL

- 4.2. Incubate at 37°C for 60 min
- 4.3. Add 20 μL magnetic beads (and Buffer 3 if indicated) and vortex each tube for 3 seconds after addition.

	Plasma Volume		
	50 μL 200 μL 400 μL		
Magnetic Beads	20 µL	20 µL	20 µL
Buffer 3	275 µL	none	none

4.4. Incubate at room temperature for 15 minutes

Pulse spin tubes at 325 x g (approximately 3 seconds) to collect the liquid. **Do not allow beads to pellet.**

5. Washing steps

5.1. Place all samples on the magnetic rack for 10 minutes.

NOTE: Work one tube at a time.

5.2. While keeping the tube on the rack, carefully remove the solution from the beads by pipetting from the top of the tube, keeping the pipette tip against the tube wall opposite of the magnetic bead pellet. Be very careful not to disturb the beads.

Discard supernatant.

- 5.3. Remove the tube from the magnetic rack.
- 5.4. Add 500 μ L room temperature wash buffer and vortex for 3 seconds. Leave tube in regular tube rack.

Repeat steps 5.1 to 5.4 two more times for each tube except that only 470 μL are removed after the final wash (leaving 30 μL buffer with the magnetic beads).

Keep tubes on a bench top rack until all samples are processed.

5.5. Pulse vortex tubes to resuspend the magnetic bead pellet.

5.6. Pulse spin tubes at 325 x g (approximately 3 seconds) to collect the liquid. **Do not allow beads to pellet.**

Leave samples on benchtop rack.

6. miRNA circularization

6.1. Mix the following reagents in a separate tube (same volume for all plasma input volumes). When assaying multiple samples, make a combined master mix and allow 10% overage for pipetting loss. Gently mix components and pulse-spin to collect liquid on bottom. Keep on ice.

Reagent	Volume
Circularization Reaction Mix	5 µL
RNAseOUT	0.6 µL
CircLigase II Enzyme	0.4 µL
Nuclease-free Water	4 µL
Total	10.0 µL

NOTE: Work one tube at a time.

- 6.2. Place sample tube from step 5.6. on the magnetic rack. When beads have aggregated, solution will be clear.
- 6.3. While keeping the tube on the rack, carefully remove the solution from the beads, keeping the pipette tip against the tube wall opposite of the magnetic bead pellet. Be very careful not to disturb the beads.
- 6.4. Immediately after removing wash buffer, remove the tube from the magnetic rack and pipet 10 μ L circularization mixture from step 6.1. onto the bead pellet. Pipette up and down 10 times to fully resuspend the beads into the circularization mixture, making sure that there are no beads left on the side of the tube.
- 6.5. Repeat steps 6.2 to 6.4 with the remaining samples.
- 6.6. Pulse spin tubes at 325 x g (approximately 3 seconds) to collect the liquid. **Do not allow beads to pellet.**
- 6.7. Incubate beads in circularization mixture at 60°C for 15 minutes.

7. Reverse transcription

7.1. Prepare the RT master mix while the circularization reaction is proceeding: mix the following reagents in a separate tube. When assaying multiple samples, make a combined master mix and allow 10% overage for pipetting loss. Gently mix components and pulse-spin to collect liquid on bottom. Keep on ice.

Reagent	Volume
RT Reaction Mix	25.6 µL
RT Primer Mix	32 µL
SuperScript II Enzyme	1.6 µL
Nuclease-free Water	10.8 µL
Total	70.0 μL

7.2. Remove tubes from 60° (from step 6.7.) and place them on the magnetic rack.

NOTE: Work one tube at a time.

- 7.3. After magnetic beads have migrated to the tube wall, carefully pipet the supernatant (10 μ L; free of magnetic beads) into new, labeled PCR tubes.
- 7.4. Add 70 μL of RT master mix to each sample (80 μL final volume).
- 7.5. Mix each sample gently and collect liquid by briefly spinning the tubes at 325 x g.
- 7.6. Place sample PCR tubes into thermal cycler and run the following parameter values:

Step type	Temperature	Time
HOLD	42°C	60 min
HOLD	75°C	15 min
HOLD	4°C	∞

***Stopping Point*:** RT reactions may be used directly in qPCR or stored at -20°C.

8. Quantitative RT PCR

- 8.1. If RT products were frozen, thaw samples and pulse vortex to mix and pulse spin to collect liquid.
- 8.2. Thaw 2x iQ SYBR green Master Mix and ROX dyes before use.

NOTE: SYBR green and ROX dyes are **light sensitive.** Perform all steps involving SYBR Green and ROX dyes away from direct light sources and keep tubes in dark when not in use.

8.3. Mix qPCR reagents as listed below.

A separate master mix needs to be prepared for each assayed miRNA. Calculate master mix components for each miRNA by multiplying the reagent volume by the number of samples and by the number of technical repeats (triplicates are recommended for quantitative RT-PCR assays). Allow 10% overage for pipetting loss. Mix gently and spin down the qPCR master mix.

Reagent	Volume
2X iQ SYBR Green Supermix	10 µL
PCR Primers (miRNA-specific)	0.6 µL
qPCR Reference Dye (ROX)	0.3 µL
Nuclease-free Water	7.1 µL
Total volume	18 µL

- 8.4. Pipet 18 μL of the appropriate master mix into the well of a qPCR plate.
- 8.5. Pipet 2 μ L cDNA from the RT reaction (after 7.6. is completed) into the appropriate wells of the qPCR plate.
- 8.6. Seal qPCR plate with optical seal.
- 8.7. Centrifuge plate at 4000 rpm for 20-30 seconds.
- 8.8. Place plate in the ABI 7500 thermal cycler. Run qPCR using the following profile:

Step Type	Temperature	Time	
HOLD	50°C	2 min	
HOLD	95°C	3 min	
	95°C	15 sec	
CYCLE (40 cycles)	56°C	45 sec	
	66°C + 0.1 per cycle	30 sec	
	67°C + 0.2 per cycle*	30 sec	
Include standard melting curve profile at the end of 40 cycles			

IV Subsection B: Whole Blood Protocol

2. Prepare Spike-in Mix

2.1. Preparation of Spike-in Mix

Prepare the Spike-in Mix according to the table below. To prepare a master mix to analyze multiple samples, scale the volumes listed below to the desired number of plasma samples to be analyzed. Vortex the Spike-in Mix for 3 seconds after the addition of the components.

Component	Volume to add
miR-cel-39	4 µL
Spike-in Dilution Mix	9.6 µL

3. Blood lysis

NOTE: Work one tube at a time.

3.1. Depending on the amount of blood used, add the proper reagent volume to the sample in the order listed below. Vortex samples for 3 seconds after the addition of each reagent.

Component	Plasma Volume	
	25 µL	200 µL
Buffer 1*	400 µL	200 µL
Protease Solution	16 µL	8 µL
Spike-in Mix	13.6 µL	8.8 µL
Buffer 3	345 µL	370 μL

* CAUTION: Irritant. Contains guanidine hydrochloride.

3.2. Incubate samples at 25°C for 60 min

4. miRNA capture

NOTE: Work one tube at a time.

4.1. Add the proper reagent volume to the sample in the order listed below. Vortex samples for 3 seconds after the addition of each reagent.

Component	Volume
Buffer 2	92 µL
Spike-in Dilution Mix	6.4 μL

- 4.2. Incubate at 37°C for 60 min
- 4.3. Add 20 μL magnetic beads and vortex each tube for 3 seconds after addition.
 - 4.4. Incubate at room temperature for 15 minutes

Pulse spin tubes at 325 x g (approximately 3 seconds) to collect the liquid. **Do not allow beads to pellet.**

5. Washing steps

5.1. Place all samples on the magnetic rack for 10 minutes.

NOTE: Work one tube at a time.

5.2. While keeping the tube on the rack, carefully remove the solution from the beads, keeping the pipette tip against the tube wall opposite of the magnetic bead pellet. Be very careful not to disturb the beads.

Discard supernatant.

- 5.3. Remove the tube from the magnetic rack.
- 5.4. Add 500 μ L room temperature wash buffer and vortex for 3 seconds. Leave tube in regular tube rack.

Repeat steps 5.1 to 5.4 two more times for each tube except that only 470 μ L are removed after the final wash (leaving 30 μ L buffer with the magnetic beads).

Keep tubes on a bench top rack until all samples are processed.

- 5.5. Pulse vortex tubes to resuspend the magnetic bead pellet.
- 5.6. Pulse spin tubes at 325 x g (approximately 3 seconds) to collect the liquid. **Do not allow beads to pellet.**

Leave samples on benchtop rack.

6. miRNA circularization

6.1. Mix the following reagents in a separate tube (same volume for all blood input volumes). When assaying multiple samples, make a combined master mix and allow 10% overage for pipetting loss. Gently mix components and pulse-spin to collect liquid on bottom. Keep on ice.

Reagent	Volume
Circularization Reaction Mix	5 µL
RNAseOUT	0.6 µL
CircLigase II Enzyme	0.4 µL
Nuclease-free Water	4 µL
Total	10.0 µL

NOTE: Work one tube at a time.

- 6.2. Place sample tube from step 5.6. on the magnetic rack. When beads have aggregated, solution will be clear.
- 6.3. While keeping the tube on the rack, carefully remove the solution from the beads, keeping the pipette tip against the tube wall opposite of the magnetic bead pellet. Be very careful not to disturb the beads.
- 6.4. Immediately after removing wash buffer, remove the tube from the magnetic rack and pipet 10 μ L circularization mixture from step 6.1. onto the bead pellet. Pipette up and down 10 times to fully resuspend the beads into the circularization mixture, making sure that there are no beads left on the side of the tube.
- 6.5. Repeat steps 6.2 to 6.4 with the remaining samples.
- 6.6. Pulse spin tubes at 325 x g (approximately 3 seconds) to collect the liquid. **Do not allow beads to pellet.**
- 6.7. Incubate beads in circularization mixture at 60°C for 15 minutes.

7. Reverse transcription

7.1. Prepare the RT master mix while the circularization reaction is proceeding: mix the following reagents in a separate tube. When assaying multiple samples, make a combined master mix and allow 10% overage for pipetting loss. Gently mix components and pulse-spin to collect liquid on bottom. Keep on ice.

Reagent	Volume
RT Reaction Mix	25.6 µL
RT Primer Mix	32 µL
SuperScript II Enzyme	1.6 µL
Nuclease-free Water	10.8 µL
Total	70.0 μL

7.2. Remove tubes from 60° (from step 6.7.) and place them on the magnetic rack.

NOTE: Work one tube at a time.

- 7.3. After magnetic beads have migrated to the tube wall, carefully pipet the supernatant (10 μ L; free of magnetic beads) into new, labeled PCR tubes.
- 7.4. Add 70 μ L of RT master mix to each sample (80 μ L final volume).
- 7.5. Mix each sample gently and collect liquid by briefly spinning the tubes at 325 x g.
- 7.6. Place sample PCR tubes into thermal cycler and run the following parameter values:

Step type	Temperature	Time
HOLD	42°C	60 min
HOLD	75°C	15 min
HOLD	4°C	∞

NOTE (optional atopping point): RT reactions may be used directly in qPCR or stored at -20°C.

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- 8.1. If RT products were frozen, thaw samples and pulse vortex to mix and pulse spin to collect liquid.
- 8.2. Thaw 2x iQ SYBR green Master Mix and ROX dyes before use.

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Reagent	Volume
2X iQ SYBR Green Supermix	10 µL
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qPCR Reference Dye (ROX)	0.3 µL
Nuclease-free Water	7.1 μL
Total volume	18 µL

- 8.4. Pipet 18 μL of the appropriate master mix into the well of a qPCR plate.
- 8.5. Pipet 2 μ L cDNA from the RT reaction (after 7.6. is completed) into the appropriate wells of the qPCR plate.
- 8.6. Seal qPCR plate with optical seal.
- 8.7. Centrifuge plate at 4000 rpm for 20-30 seconds.
- 8.8. Place plate in the ABI 7500 thermal cycler. Run qPCR using the following profile:

Step Type	Temperature	Time
HOLD	50°C	2 min
HOLD	95°C	3 min
CYCLE	95°C	15 sec
	56°C	45 sec
(40 cycles)	66°C + 0.1 per cycle	30 sec
	67°C + 0.2 per cycle*	30 sec
Include standard melting curve profile at the end of 40 cycles		

V. Appendix: Overview of Working Steps

	Plasma/Blood Lysis add to each sample: Buffer 1 Protease Spike-in RNA (cel-39) miRNA capture	Incubation: 25°C, 60 min
	add to each sample: Buffer 2 Probe Mlx	Incubation: 37°C, 60 min
V	miRNA capture, 2 add to each sample: Magnetic Beads (Buffer 3)	Incubation: RT, 15 min
	Washing steps 3 repeats	Incubation: RT, 10 min for each washing step
	Circularization add to each sample: Circularization Buffer RNAse inhibitor Circularization Enzyme Water	Incubation: 60°C, 15 min
	Reverse Transcription add to each sample: RT Buffer RT Primer Mix Super Script II enzyme Water	Incubation: 42°C, 60 min, 75° C, 15 min
)))))) 	qPCR (for BioRad iQ Supermix) Combine for each miRNA: iQ Supermix (BioRad) H ₂ O PCR primer mix Rox Dye (Life Technologies) cDNA from RT reaction	
	Temp. Time 50°C 2 min 95°C 3 min CYCLE (40 cycles): 95°C 15 sec 56°C 45 sec 66°C (+0.1°C per cycle) 30 sec 67°C (+0.2°C per cycle) 30 sec Melting curve profile after 40 cycles	Cycle parameters